PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P450869 KJR	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).		
International Application No.	International Filing Dat (day/month/year)	e	Priority Date (day/month/year)	
PCT/NZ01/00228	16 October 2001		17 October 2000	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	national classification an	d IPC		
Int. Cl. ⁷ A61K 35/39; A61P 3/10				
Applicant				
DIATRANZ LIMITED et al				
This international preliminary examination is transmitted to the applicant according to the ac		ared by this Internat	ional Preliminary Examining Authority and	
	_			
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5	_		alaine and/and and a list to	
amended and are the basis for thi	is report and/or sheets con	ntaining rectification	claims and/or drawings which have been as made before this Authority (see Rule	
70.16 and Section 607 of the Ad	ministrative Instructions	under the PCT).		
These annexes consist of a total of	of sheet(s).			
3. This report contains indications relating	g to the following items:			
I X Basis of the report				
II Priority				
III Non-establishment of op	ninion with regard to nove	elty, inventive step a	nd industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of invention				
	V X Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement			
VI Certain documents cited				
VII Certain defects in the international application				
VIII Certain observations on				
··				
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of the report		
10 April 2002 16 December 2002				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE		Authorized Officer		
PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRA	PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA			
E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		JULIE CAIRND	UFF	
		Telephone No. (02) 6283 2545		

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/NZ01/00228

I.	Basis of the repo	
1.	With regard to the elements of the international application:*	
	the international application as originally filed.	
	X the description,	pages 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9 to 34 as originally filed,
		pages , filed with the demand,
		pages 6 and 8 received on 11 October 2002 with the letter of 10 October 2002
		pages 2 received on 29 November 2002 with the letter of 25 November 2002
	X the claims,	pages 35 to 37 as originally filed,
		pages , as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,
		pages , filed with the demand,
		pages 38 to 41 received on 11 October 2002 with the letter of 10 October 2002
	X the drawings,	pages 1/10 to 10/10 as originally filed,
		pages , filed with the demand,
		pages, received on with the letter of
	the sequence list	ring part of the description:
		pages , as originally filed
		pages , filed with the demand
		pages, received on with the letter of
2.	which the international	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
		vailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is: a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		
	the language of j	publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
	the language of t and/or 55.3).	the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2
3.	With regard to any nuc preliminary examina	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international ation was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
	contained in the	international application in written form.
	filed together wi	th the international application in computer readable form.
	furnished subsec	quently to this Authority in written form.
	furnished subsec	quently to this Authority in computer readable form.
		at the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the blication as filed has been furnished.
	The statement the	at the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has
4.	The amendments	s have resulted in the cancellation of:
	the desc	cription, pages
	the clair	ms, Nos.
	the drav	wings, sheets/fig.
5.		been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to isclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**
*		hich have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this iled" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).
**	Any replacement sheet	t containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report

PCT/NZ01/00228

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement		
Novelty (N)	Claims 1-63	YES
· ·	Claims	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims 1-63	YES
	Claims	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims 1-63	YES
	Claims	NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Citations

- D1: London, N.J. et al. (1990) Transplantation 49(6): 1109-13;
- D2: Selawry, H.P. et al. (1993) Cell Transplantation 2: 123-129;
- D3: Korbutt, G.S. et al. (1997) Diabetes 46: 317-322;
- D4: Rayat, G.R. et al. (1999) Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 875: 175-188;
- D5: Suaraz-Pinzon, W. et al. (2000) Diabetes 49: 1810-1818;
- D6: Luca, G. et al. (2000) Journal of Investigative Medicine 48(6): 441-448;
- D7: Selawry, H. P. et al. (1996) Cell Transplantation 5(5): 517-524;
- D8: Calafiore, R. et al. (1999) Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 875: 219-232;
- D9: AU 81864/98 (DIANTRANZ LIMITED) 11 March 1999; and
- D10: US 6146653 (DIATRANZ LIMITED) 14 November 2000.

New Citation

D11: AU 18057/00 (UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTONOMA DE MEXICO) 22 June 2000.

Novelty and Inventive Step

D1 discloses collagenase digestion of human pancreatic tissue, with treatment of the lysate with minimum essential medium containing nicotinamide supplemented with newborn calf serum. It does not disclose xenotransplantation with or without implants or the use of Sertoli cells. D2 refers to allotransplantation of human islet cells associated with Sertoli cells. The islet cells of D2 are prepared by the method described in D1 and transplantation of the cells was without encapsulation. D3 discloses allotransplantation of rat islet cells associated with Sertoli cells prepared by collagenase digestion and treated with non-human mammalian sera. D4 discusses xenotransplantation of neonatal porcine islet cells to mice, associated with Sertoli cells. However it the effect of cotransplantation is not known and is still being investigated.

Continued in Supplemental Box II

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/NZ01/00228

Sup	plemental	Box	I
-----	-----------	-----	---

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

required to be carried out. At item (iv) it specifies methods for treatment of the human or animal body by surgery or therapy, as well as diagnostic methods, as such matter. However the agreement between WIPO and Australia further qualifies this by excepting from exclusion any subject matter which is examined under national grant procedures. Claims 41 to 50 have nonetheless been considered because the identified subject matter does not contravene Australian	Continuation of Box I
	Rule 67 lists the subject matter which under Article 34(4)(a)(i) an international preliminary examination is not required to be carried out. At item (iv) it specifies methods for treatment of the human or animal body by surgery or therapy, as well as diagnostic methods, as such matter. However the agreement between WIPO and Australia further qualifies this by excepting from exclusion any subject matter which is examined under national grant procedures. Claims 41 to 50 have nonetheless been considered because the identified subject matter does not contravene Australian law.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/NZ01/00228

Supplemental Box II

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of V

D5 describes transplantation of Sertoli cells and islet cells in mice without encapsulation. Transforming growth factor β1 abrogated the protective effect of the Sertoli cells. D6 discloses the *in vitro* culture of rat Sertoli cells with rat islet cells and xenotransplantation of the culture using an alignate/poly-1-ornithine microcapsule into mice.

D8 discloses allografts of canine islet cells in low volume capsules with reduced immune attack of the grafts. Porcine islets, collagenase extraction and Sertoli cells were not described. D9 and D10 disclose xenografts of collegenase extracted, nicotinamide treated neonatal porcine islet cells into mice and humans. There is no disclosure of the use of Sertoli cells, trauma protecting agents, any particular mammalian albumin or encapsulation of transplanted cells.

In light of D1 to D6 and D8 to 10, none of these documents disclose all the essential features of claims 1 to 63. In particular a method to prepare a xenotransplantable porcine islet preparation the use of porcine islet cells, extraction of islet cells using collagenase and the association of islet cells with Sertoli cells; a method of prepare an implantable device containing a xenotransplantable porcine islet preparation; implantable devices per se; and methods of treatment. Therefore the subject matter of claims 1 to 63 is new and inventive and meets the criteria set forth in PCT Article 33(2) for novelty and inventive step.

D7 is considered to be the closest related art. This document refers to the extraction of neonatal porcine islet cells with collagenase, treatment with media containing nicotinamide and culture in a medium containing inactivated horse serum. Islet cells were cryopreserved and the effect of Sertoli cells on survival rate at thawing was measured. Enhanced islet cell survival and response to glucose was noted in the presence of Sertoli cells. It is concluded in this document that co-culture of islet cells with Sertoli cells significantly increased islet yield and beta cell responsiveness to glucose. D7 suggests that there have been studies regarding the successful survival of piglet islets in vivo following transplantation into diabetic rats, however no evidence was published at the priority date of the present application and therefore no instructions for the skilled worker to follow. Claims 1 to 63 are therefore novel and inventive in light of this document because it does not disclose the specific steps of the method of preparing a xenotransplantable porcine islet preparation as described in claims 1, the method of preparing an implantable device containing a xenotransplantable porcine islet preparation as described in claims 17 and 51; implantable devices per se as described in claims 31 and 36, and methods of treatment using such implantable devices as described in claim 42.

With reference to D11, this document discloses a device which is to be used for the implantation of cells producing biological factors in the treatment of diseases such as diabetes mellitus. The device possesses a porous intermediate section acting as a reservoir for neovascularized cells and a plunger mechanism. The device enables the formation of fibrocollagen tubes in a patient and allows a controlled dosage of the cells to be delivered to the patient. In particular the example provided in D11 refers to a transplant of islet cells to rats with induced diabetes whereby the rats showed a significant decrease in glucose levels. However there is no reference to the feature of co-culture Sertoli cells, which is an essential feature of the invention. Consequently claims 1 to 63 are novel and inventive and meet the criteria set forth in PCT Article 33(2) for novelty and inventive step.